"In The Beginning" Her Best Carving

Touchstone himself. would be hard put to it to enumerate all the ways of looking at a work of art. There is, for instance, the "manner airy", with its butterfly-like passing from picture to pic-ture; or the "approach courteous" all on tip-toe with whispered words of commendation in the hushed voice kept for conversations in

COR SUCH, sculpture may

be of more than one kind. It may be representational the allempt to represent or reproduce some person or event living or imagined, to translate into wood or clay or stone the body and being of someone or of some place. Epstein's busis do this; we have Conrad's arrogant head and more-Conrad's shy arrogant character.

ragant character. But it may also be representa-tional in another sense—in the sense of being symbolic. Here the character but the abstract; to in-carnate in word or stone an idea. If the haman form is used, it is not used to show the human form but to show an idea by means of the human form. For this, the ar-tist may take any liberty he pleases with the human body. Thus if Edna Manley wishes to represent or symbolise the idea of the "me-gro arcused" she carves the torso of a man and deliberately distorts the limbs. The distortion is not accidental but deliberate; just as in print an important word or passage may be distorted or "italicised", just as in our writings an im-

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B/N Manley, Edna

portant word may be distorted or "underlined", just as in speaking an important word or phrase may be distorted or "shouted", just so in sculpture of this type the idea may be distorted or emphasized. The heavy downward thrust of the enlarged arms denotes the effor, to rise from the old apathy, the old surroundings; the head looking straight 44p to heaven, set at an exaggerated angle, symbolises as-piration. piration

EDNA MANLEY'S LATEST

WORK

FINEST PIECE OF WORK FINEST PIECE OF WORK "Tomorrow" is a later work, and to my mind the finest of all Mrs. Manley's work, not only because of its technical perfection but also because of its deep spiritual con-tent. And the finest piece of work that she has done since 'Tomor-row' is this latest carving, "In the Beginning".

The artist who draws his inspira-tion from the artificial and se-cluded world of fashion will ne-ver produce anything but what may for a time be fashionable; there must be insight as well as the abil-ity to portray; and that art is great-est which is rooted in the know-ledge of human nature and of the

ways in which the mas et of a country, the people, live, move and have their being. Mirs. Manley's work draws its inspiration from the knowledge and love of Jar-aica, and here is another evidence of this; for surely the sudden in-spiration which produced this work, consciously or unconsciously, was the seeing of a movement, a pos-ture, in a native dance—probably Pocomania. Just as from the whole complicated unity of a symphony we may pick out a single phrase, isolating it and studying its beauty, so from the complicated sequence of the dance. Edna Manley has picked out "this phrase" this at-titude. She has taken something that was possing, momentarily, "swift as a shadow" and fixed it for ever. That is the glory of art, to fix and make eternal the passing moment. CULMINATION OF PARCESS ways in which the mas es of

CULMINATION OF PROCESS

COLMINATION OF P. D. ESS This carving then has less spir-itual content than "Tomorrow"; it was bound to be so since if is less abstract and since its purpose is the representation of a moment of experience rather than of an abstract idea. This does not mean

that it is less in degree but rather that it is different in quality; whereas "Tomorrow" is the culmin-ation of a process of thought that produced works like "Negro Aroused" and "The Prophet", this work is the culmination of a pro-cess that produced "The Diggers" and the "Market Women": and yet it is somewhat different because it has in it some of the quality of "Tomorrow". As a piece of carving, it seems

It has in it some of the quality of "Tomorrow". As a piece of carving, it seems to me to be the artist's finest achievement. The two figures are so skilfully related, so different, yet so united. The work has unity and as a study in sculpture, it might will be called "Point Counter-point". It is fascinating to see how skilfully the lines of one figure re-peat the lines of the other and yet are opposed to them: contrast and repetition are both used to give ef-fect of flowing movement. Male and Female created He them" and here we find one figure the com-plement of the other—opposed yet united, contrasted yet complemen-tary. Here is a work that is satis-fying in its conception and admir-able in its execution.